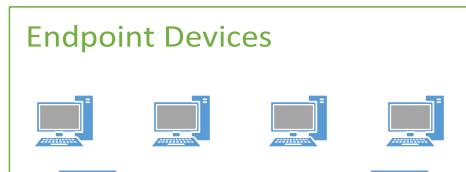


### Sub-branch 1

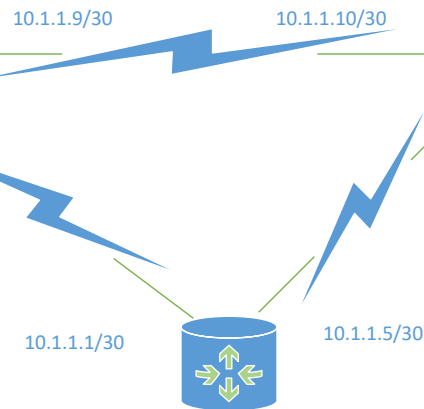


Sub Branch 1 IP allocation 10.20.0.0/16  
 Servers – 10.20.2.0/23  
 IT Staff – 10.20.6.0/24  
 Sales – 10.20.10.0/24  
 Marketing - 10.20.20.0/24  
 HR – 10.20.30.0/24  
 Wireless Employee - 10.20.60.0/23  
 Wireless Guest – 10.20.80.0/23



### Sub-branch 2

Sub Branch 2 IP allocation 10.30.0.0/16  
 Servers – 10.30.2.0/23  
 IT Staff – 10.30.6.0/24  
 Sales – 10.30.10.0/24  
 Marketing - 10.30.20.0/24  
 HR – 10.30.30.0/24  
 Wireless Employee - 10.30.60.0/23  
 Wireless Guest – 10.30.80.0/23



Main Branch IP allocation 10.10.0.0/16  
 Servers – 10.10.2.0/23  
 IT Staff – 10.10.6.0/24  
 Sales – 10.10.10.0/24  
 Marketing - 10.10.20.0/24  
 HR – 10.10.30.0/24  
 Wireless Employee - 10.10.60.0/23  
 Wireless Guest – 10.10.80.0/23

### Main Branch

#### General Guidelines

- All core switches should be multi-layer switches that support IP routing
- Core switches should support SVI (Switch virtual Interface). These should act as the gateway for all VLANs.
- The gateway address for every VLAN should be the first available IP on that VLAN. (i.e. 10.10.2.1/23)
- All Point-to-Point connections should use a /30 netmask in the 10.1.0.0/16 address-space.
- IP addressing scheme should be logical while allowing for extending or further sub-division of subnets.
- Connections between branches should be dynamic (i.e. if the connection between sub1 and main goes down, a route from sub1 to main through sub2 should go live dynamically)
- Connections between the core and distribution switches should be trunks that allow all VLANs.